Series Q5QPS/5

Set-3



प्रश्न-पत्र कोड Q.P. o

67/5/3

अनुक्रमांक						
		Roll	No.			

प ाथ प्रश्न-प कोड को त्तर-सिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिख Candidates must write the Q.P. Code n a an -book

- कप ा जाँच क लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में म द्रत प छ 31 ैं।
- कपय जँच कर ल कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र 34 प्रश्न हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र द हिन हा के अंदिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र के परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पस्तिक के ख-पुर प लिख।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र क पढ़न क लिए 15 मिनट क समय दिय गय ह। प्रश्न-पत्र क वितः पूर्व ह्न 10.15 बजे कि 1 जाएगा। 1 1 बजे े 1 बजे तक परीक्षार्थी के ल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे आर इस अवधि के दारान व उ र-पस्तिक पर क ई उन्नहीं लिखग।
- Please check that this question paper contains 34 t
- Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer- t t
- Please r e d he ser l er he es he answer-book e re e i i
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this questi aper. The question l be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any er on the answer-book during this period.



## लेखाशास्त्र ACCOUNTANCY

निर्धारित समय: 3 घण्टे

अधिकतम अंक : 80

Time allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

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## सामान्य निर्देश:

## निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को बहुत सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका सख़्ती से पालन कीजिए :

- (1) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्रश्न हैं। **सभी** प्रश्न **अनिवार्य** हैं।
- (2) यह प्रश्न-पत्र **दो** भागों में विभाजित है : **भाग क** तथा **भाग ख**।
- (3) भाग क सभी परीक्षार्थियों के लिए **अनिवार्य** है।
- (4) भाग ख में दो विकल्प हैं अर्थात् (I) वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण तथा (II) अभिकलित्र लेखांकन । परीक्षार्थियों को भाग - ख में चयनित विषय के अनुसार केवल एक ही विकल्प के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखने हैं।
- (5) प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 16 तथा 27 से 30 एक-एक अंक के प्रश्न हैं।
- (6) प्रश्न संख्या 17 से 20 तक तथा 31 एवं 32 लघु उत्तरीय प्रकार के प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न **तीन** अंकों का है।
- (7) प्रश्न संख्या **21, 22** तथा **33** दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रकार-**I** के प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न **चार** अंकों का है।
- (8) प्रश्न संख्या 23 से 26 तक तथा 34 दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रकार $-I\!I$  के प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न  $\overline{m{v}}$ ः अंकों का है।
- (9) प्रश्न-पत्र में समग्र विकल्प नहीं दिया गया है। यद्यपि, **एक** अंक के 7 प्रश्नों में, **तीन** अंकों के 2 प्रश्नों में, **चार** अंकों के 1 प्रश्न में तथा **छ**: अंकों के 2 प्रश्नों में आंतरिक विकल्प का चयन दिया गया है।

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#### **General Instructions:**

#### Read the following instructions carefully and strictly follow them:

- (1) This question paper contains 34 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (2) This question paper is divided into  $two \ Parts : Part A \ and \ Part B$ .
- (3) Part A is compulsory for all candidates.
- (4) Part B has two options i.e. (I) Analysis of Financial Statements and (II) Computerised Accounting. Candidates must attempt only one of the given options as per the subject opted in Part B.
- (5) Question numbers 1 to 16 and 27 to 30 carry 1 mark each.
- (6) Question numbers 17 to 20, 31 and 32 are short answer type questions.

  Each carries 3 marks.
- (7) Question numbers 21, 22 and 33 are long answer type-I questions. Each carries 4 marks.
- (8) Question numbers 23 to 26 and 34 are long answer type-II questions.

  Each carries 6 marks.
- (9) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in 7 questions of one mark, 2 questions of three marks, 1 question of four marks and 2 questions of six marks.

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#### भाग - क

### (साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

1.	(a)	रिद्धिमा तथा कविता साझेदार थीं तथा $3:2$ के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटती थीं। उनकी स्थायी
		पूँजी क्रमशः ₹ 1,50,000 तथा ₹ 2,00,000 थी। साझेदारी संलेख में पूँजी पर 8% वार्षिक दर
		से ब्याज का प्रावधान है। 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए फ़र्म का शुद्ध लाभ
		₹ 21,000 था। रिद्धिमा तथा कविता के पूँजी खातों में जमा की जाने वाली पूँजी पर ब्याज की
		राशि होगी ·

(A) क्रमशः ₹ 12,000 तथा ₹ 16,000 (B) क्रमशः ₹ 10,500 तथा ₹ 10,500

(C) क्रमशः ₹ 9,000 तथा ₹ 12,000 (D) क्रमशः ₹ 16,000 तथा ₹ 5,000

#### अथवा

- (b) रुचिका तथा हर्षिता एक फ़र्म की साझेदार थीं। रुचिका ने वर्ष के दौरान प्रत्येक तिमाही के अन्त में ₹ 9,000 का आहरण किया। 6% वार्षिक दर से रुचिका के आहरण पर प्रभारित किया जाने वाला ब्याज होगा:
  - (A) ₹ 540

(B) ₹ 2,160

(C) ₹ 1,080

(D) ₹810

2. अभिकथन (A) : प्रतिभूति प्रीमियम का उपयोग स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियों की बिक्री पर होने वाली हानि को अपलिखित करने के लिए नहीं किया जा सकता है।

कारण (R) : प्रतिभूति प्रीमियम का उपयोग केवल कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 में दिए गए उद्देश्यों के लिए ही किया जा सकता है।

निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए:

- (A) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं परन्तु कारण (R), अभिकथन (A) का सही कारण नहीं है।
- (B) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R), अभिकथन (A) का सही कारण है।
- (C) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों असत्य हैं।
- (D) अभिकथन (A) असत्य है, परन्तु कारण (R) सत्य है।

3. केवल लिमिटेड ने गणपित लिमिटेड की ₹ 28,60,000 की विविध पिरसम्पित्तयों का क्रय किया । भुगतान ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के पूर्ण प्रदत्त अंशों/शेयरों के 10% प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करके किया गया । गणपित लिमिटेड को निर्गमित किए गए अंशों/शेयरों की संख्या थी :

(A) 28,000

(B) 31.778

(C) 28,600

(D) 26,000

4. (a) आरव लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 10,000, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 5% प्रीमियम पर किया, इनका शोधन 10% प्रीमियम पर करना था। ऋणपत्र निर्गमन हानि खाते के नामपक्ष में खतौनी की जायेगी:

- (A) ₹ 10,00,000
- (B) ₹ 1,00,000
- (C) ₹ 1,50,000
- (D) ₹ 1,05,000

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#### PART - A

#### (Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)

- 1. (a) Ridhima and Kavita were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3: 2. Their fixed capitals were ₹ 1,50,000 and ₹ 2,00,000 respectively. The partnership deed provides for interest on capital @ 8% p.a. The net profit of the firm for the year ended 31st March, 2023 amounted to ₹ 21,000. The amount of interest on capital credited to the capital accounts of Ridhima and Kavita will be:
  - (A) ₹ 12,000 and ₹ 16,000 respectively.
  - (B) ₹ 10,500 and ₹ 10,500 respectively.
  - (C) ₹ 9,000 and ₹ 12,000 respectively.
  - (D) ₹ 16,000 and ₹ 5,000 respectively.

OR

- (b) Ruchika and Harshita were partners in a firm. Ruchika had withdrawn ₹ 9,000 at the end of each quarter, throughout the year. The interest to be charged on Ruchika's drawings at 6% p.a. will be:
  - (A) ₹ 540

(B) ₹ 2,160

(C) ₹ 1,080

(D) ₹810

2. **Assertion (A):** Securities Premium cannot be utilized for writing off loss on sale of a fixed asset.

**Reason (R)**: Securities Premium can be applied only for the purposes mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013.

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct reason of Assertion (A).
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct reason of Assertion (A).
- (C) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are false.
- (D) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

3. Kewal Ltd. purchased sundry assets from Ganpati Ltd. for ₹ 28,60,000. The amount was paid by issuing fully paid shares of ₹ 100 each issued at a premium of 10%. The number of shares issued to Ganpati Ltd. were :

(A) 28,000

(B) 31,778

(C) 28.600

(D) 26,000

4. (a) Aarav Ltd. issued 10,000, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 5%, redeemable at a premium of 10%. Loss on issue of debentures account will be debited by:

- (A) ₹ 10,00,000
- (B) ₹ 1,00,000
- (C) ₹ 1,50,000

(D) ₹ 1,05,000

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OR

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- (b) डव लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 8,000, 11% ऋणपत्रों का 5% प्रीमियम पर निर्गमन किया । एक वर्ष के लिए ऋणपत्रों पर ब्याज की कुल राशि होगी :
  - (A) ₹80,000

(B) ₹ 92,400

(C) ₹88,000

(D) ₹880

निम्न काल्पनिक परिस्थिति पढिए तथा प्रश्न संख्या 5 तथा 6 के उत्तर दीजिए :

केशव तथा हितेश साझेदार हैं तथा 3:2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते हैं । 31 मार्च, 2023 को ₹ 15,000 का वर्ष का लाभ बाँटने के पश्चात् उनकी पूँजी क्रमशः ₹ 55,000 तथा ₹ 45,000 थी । वर्ष के दौरान केशव का आहरण प्रति–ितमाही के आरंभ में ₹ 1,500 था तथा हितेश ने 1 नवम्बर, 2022 को ₹ 9,000 का आहरण किया ।

अंतिम खाते तैयार करने के बाद यह ज्ञात हुआ कि 5% वार्षिक दर से पूँजी पर ब्याज देने तथा 8% वार्षिक दर से आहरण पर ब्याज प्रभारित करने को ध्यान में नहीं रखा गया है।

- 5. केशव की आरम्भिक पूँजी थी:
  - (A) ₹ 35,000

(B) ₹ 39,000

(C) ₹ 43,000

(D) ₹ 52,000

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- 6. हितेश के आहरण पर प्रभारित की जाने वाली ब्याज की राशि होगी:
  - (A) ₹ 225

(B) ₹4,500

(C) ₹ 300

(D) ₹ 7,200

7. ईशा तथा मनीष एक फ़र्म के साझेदार थे तथा 3 : 2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे। 1 अप्रैल, 2023 से वे लाभों को बराबर-बराबर बाँटने के लिए सहमत हुए। इसी तिथि को फ़र्म की ख्याति का मुल्यांकन ₹ 3.00,000 किया गया। ख्याति खाता खोले बिना, ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए

आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टि होगी:

Date 2023	Particulars	Particulars		Cr. Amount (₹)
(A) अप्रैल, 1	मनीष का पूँजी खाता	नाम	30,000	
	ईशा के पूँजी खाते से			30,000
(B) अप्रैल, 1	ईशा का पूँजी खाता	नाम	30,000	
	मनीष के पूँजी खाते से			30,000
(C) अप्रैल, 1	मनीष का पूँजी खाता	नाम	3,000	
	ईशा के पूँजी खाते से			3,000
(D) अप्रैल, 1	ईशा का पूँजी खाता	नाम	3,000	
	मनीष के पूँजी खाते से			3,000

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- (b) Dove Ltd. issued 8,000, 11% debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 5%. The total amount of interest on Debentures for one year will be:
  - (A) ₹80,000

(B) ₹ 92,400

(C) ₹88,000

(D) ₹880

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Read the following hypothetical situation and answer question numbers 5 and 6:

Keshav and Hitesh are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3: 2. On 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 after division of profit of ₹ 15,000, their capitals were ₹ 55,000 and ₹ 45,000 respectively. During the year Keshav's drawings were ₹ 1,500 at the beginning of each quarter and Hitesh withdrew ₹ 9,000 on 1<sup>st</sup> November, 2022.

After the final accounts have been prepared, it was discovered that interest on capital @ 5% p.a. and interest on drawings @ 8% p.a. have not been taken into consideration.

- 5. Opening capital of Keshav was:
  - (A) ₹ 35,000

(B) ₹ 39,000

(C) ₹ 43,000

(D) ₹ 52,000

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- 6. Amount of interest to be charged on Hitesh's drawings will be:
  - (A) ₹ 225

(B) ₹4,500

(C) ₹ 300

(D) ₹ 7,200

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7. Isha and Manish were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3: 2. With effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, they agreed to share profits equally. On this date the goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 3,00,000. The necessary journal entry for the treatment of goodwill without opening Goodwill Account will be:

Date 2023	Particulars		Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)
(A) April, 1	Manish's Capital A/c.	Dr.	30,000	
	To Isha's Capital A/c.			30,000
(B) April, 1	Isha's Capital A/c.	Dr.	30,000	
	To Manish's Capital A/c.			30,000
(C) April, 1	Manish's Capital A/c.	Dr.	3,000	
	To Isha's Capital A/c.			3,000
(D) April, 1	Isha's Capital A/c.	Dr.	3,000	
	To Manish's Capital A/c.			3,000

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8.	ने गि	ने को ह		ारंटी दी है । 31 मा	र्च, 2023 को सग	में लाभ–हानि बाँटती हैं। म नाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए शुद्ध ल मही का भाग होगा:	
	(A)		0,000	(B)	₹ 60,000		
	(C)		0,000	` ′	₹ 10,000		1
9.	के प्री सहित प्रथम	मियम ) की 3 एवं 3	पर निर्गमित किया गया आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नंतिम याचना माँगी नर्ह	था तथा जिन पर <sup>इ</sup> । नहीं करने पर हरण ों गई थी । इनमें सं	र 8 माँगे गए थे, (forfeit) कर र् ो 70 अंशों/शेयर्	का, जिन्हें ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शे ₹ 5 प्रति अंश/शेयर (प्रीमि लेया। ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर ों का अशोक को ₹ 10 प्र मन पर हुआ अधिलाभ था :	यम की
	` '	₹ 50		(B)	₹ 400		
	, ,	₹ 35		(D)	₹ 300		1
10.	अभिव		(A) : साझेदारी फ़र्म में र ाए किया जा सकता है।	प्राझेदारों की निजी र	तम्पत्ति का उपयोग	फ़र्म के ऋणों का भुगतान क	<b>ञ्</b> रने
		` '	: फ़र्म के कार्यों के लिए		सीमित होती है।		
			में से सही विकल्प का	•			
	(A)	दोनों है ।	अभिकथन (A) और व	हारण (R) सत्य हैं	तथा कारण (R),	अभिकथन (A) का सही वा	र्णन
	(B)	दोनों नहीं है		जरण (R) सत्य हैं प	गरन्तु कारण (R),	अभिकथन (A) का सही वा	र्णन
	(C)	अभि	कथन (A) असत्य है, प	रन्तु कारण (R) सत	य है ।		
	(D)	अभि	कथन ( $ m A$ ) सत्य है, परन्	तु कारण (R) असत	य है ।		1
11.	(a)	202 ₹ 4, पर की	3 को सुकृति की मृत्यु	हो गई। 31 म साझेदार के लाभ जी खाते में जमा की	र्च, 2023 को उ के भाग की गणना	ा में लाभ बाँटती थीं । 30 ज् प्रमाप्त हुए वर्ष का शुद्ध ल पिछले वर्ष के लाभ के आध की राशि होगी :	गभ
		(C)	₹ 1,80,000	(D)	₹ 1,12,500		1
				अथवा	_		
	(b)	जिसवे करने किया (A)	के लिए उसे ₹ 75,000 के लिए सहमत हो गय गया। पवन के पूँजी ख ₹ 75,000	) के पारिश्रमिक की । पवन द्वारा ₹ 6 ाते में जमा किए जा (B)	ो अनुमित दी गई 0,000 के वास्त ऍगे : ₹ 60,000	ने के लिए नियुक्त किया गय । पवन विघटन व्ययों को व विक विघटन व्ययों का भुगत	ाहन तान
		(C)	₹ 15,000	(D)	₹ 10,000		1
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12.			में 7 और साझेदारों को प्रवेश देना चाहती है। कम्पनी	
		नेयम, 2013 के अनुसार केवल	ु और साझेदारों को फ़र्म में प्रवेश दिया जा सकता है।	
	(A)		B) 6	
	(C)	5	D) 3	1
13.	(a)	सेवानिवृत्त हो गई। उसकी सेवानिवृत्ति की	3 : 2 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटती थीं । निधि तेथि पर, फ़र्म के स्थिति विवरण में कर्मचारी क्षतिपूर्ति र्ते दावा ₹ 1,20,000 था । निधि के पूँजी खाते में । की जायेगी ?	
		(A) ₹ 30,000	B) ₹ 10,000	
			D) ₹ 15,000	1
		अथर		
	(b)	विभाजन करते थे । मोहित सेवानिवृत्त हे पुनर्मूल्यांकन के लिए आवश्यक समायोजनों	झेदार थे तथा 3 : 2 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभों का गया । संचयों तथा परिसम्पत्तियों एवं देयताओं के को करने के पश्चात् उसके पूँजी खाते में ₹ 1,80,000 ह पूर्ण भुगतान में उसे ₹ 2,00,000 का भुगतान करने ोहित का भाग था :	
		(A) ₹ 1,80,000	B) ₹2,00,000	
		(C) ₹ 40,000	D) ₹ 20,000	1
14.	के लि (A)	ए घ को प्रवेश दिया गया । ग अपने मूल भाग व 12 : 8 : 5 : 5	$\dfrac{1}{4}$ के अनुपात में लाभ–हानि बाँटते थे । फ़र्म में $\dfrac{1}{6}$ भाग । बनाए रखेगा । नया लाभ विभाजन अनुपात होगा : $\mathrm{B}) 21:14:18:12$ $\mathrm{D}) 2:2:1:1$	1
15.	(a)	हरण खाते (Forfeited account) में या	/शेयरों का पुनःनिर्गमन कर दिया गया है, अंश/शेयर कोई शेष बाकी है तो उसे हस्तांतरित किया जाता है : B) प्रतिभूति प्रीमियम खाते में	
			D) लाभ-हानि विवरण में	1
		अथर	,	
	(b)	राघव लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 100 किया गया था, ₹ 3 प्रति अंश/शेयर की याचना का भुगतान नहीं करने पर हरण (Fo पर इन अंशों/शेयरों का पुनःनिर्गमन किया ज	प्रंशों/शेयरों का, जिनका निर्गमन 20% प्रीमियम पर प्रथम याचना तथा ₹ 1 प्रति अंश/शेयर की अंतिम feit) कर लिया। न्यूनतम मूल्य प्रति अंश/शेयर जिस सकता है, होगाः	
			B) ₹6 D) ₹10	1
a=:-	10.10.5		D) ₹10	1
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67/5	/3/22	(C) ₹8 <b>/Q5QPS</b>	(D) ₹ 10  Page 11 of 32	1 Р.Т.О.
	(b)	20% for non-payment	100 shares of ₹ 10 each issued at a p of first call of ₹ 3 per share and final num price per share at which these s  (B) ₹ 6	call of ₹ 1
15.	(a)	If all the forfeited shares According (A) General Reserve (B) Securities Premic (C) Capital Reserve (D) Statement of Pro-	Account um Account Account	left in the
14.	of $\frac{1}{2}$ original (A)	$:\frac{1}{3}:\frac{1}{4}$ . D was admitted	in a firm sharing profits and losses in ed in the firm for $\frac{1}{6}$ th share. C would ofit sharing ratio will be:  (B) $21:14:18:12$ (D) $2:2:1:1$	
	(b)	ratio of 3:2:1. Mo after making the nece revaluation of assets	t were partners in a firm sharing prohit retired. The balance in his capit essary adjustments on account of rest and liabilities was ₹ 1,80,000. Rohit 2,00,000 in full settlement of his claim	al account serves and and Udit
13.	(a)	Nidhi retired. On the Fund stood in the Bala Claim was ₹ 1,20,000.	were partners sharing profits in the ratio date of her retirement, Workmen Connece Sheet at ₹ 1,50,000. Workmen ConHow much amount of Workmen Conto Nidhi's Capital Account?  (B) ₹ 10,000 (D) ₹ 15,000  OR	npensation npensation
12.	into	partnership. Only _	o partners. It wants to admit 7 more more partners can be admitt to Companies Act, 2013.  (B) 6  (D) 3	-

16.	16. एक साझेदारी फ़र्म के विघटन पर यिद एक साझेदार की ओर से फ़र्म द्वारा वसूली व्ययों का भुगतान किया जाता है, तो ऐसे व्ययों को निम्नलिखित में से किस खाते में नाम किया जाएगा :				
	(A)	वसूली खाता	(B)	साझेदार का पूँजी खाता	
	(C)	साझेदार का ऋण खाता	(D)	बैंक खाता	1
17.	उनकी समाप की द	ो स्थायी पूँजी क्रमशः ₹ 4,00,000, ₹ 5,0 त होने वाले वर्ष में साझेदारों के पूँजी खातों मे र से जमा किया गया।	00,000 में पूँजी '	2 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभों का विभाजन करते थे। ो तथा ₹ 6,00,000 थी। 31 मार्च, 2023 को गर ब्याज 10% प्रति वर्ष की बजाय 6% प्रति वर्ष	
	आवः	रयक समायोजन रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टि कीजिए	l		3
18.	(a)	1 अप्रैल, 2023 से उन्होंने लाभों को ब सामान्य संचय में ₹ 3,60,000 का शेष ध	बराबर- था तथा	तथा 5 : 3 : 2 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । बराबर बाँटने का निर्णय लिया । उस तिथि को लाभ-हानि खाते में ₹ 1,80,000 का नाम शेष रिवर्तन के कारण एक समायोजन प्रविष्टि कीजिए।	3
		<b>ઝ</b> થ	वा		
	(b)	थे। 31 जनवरी, 2023 को सोनू सेवानिवृ	ाृत हो ग	पे तथा 2:2:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते ाया। सोनू की सेवानिवृत्ति पर फ़र्म की ख्याति का ह तथा मणि के बीच 5:1:1 के नए लाभ	
		अपने कार्य को स्पष्टता से दर्शाते हुए, प़ लेखांकन की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविषि		पुस्तकों में ख्याति खाता खोले बिना ख्याति के Iए।	3
19.	(a)			क्य किया। यह सहमति हुई कि क्रय प्रतिफल का को 10% प्रीमियम पर तथा ₹ 50,000 का बैंक	
		छवि लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में उपरोक्त लेन	-देनों वे	o लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।	3
		ઝથ	वा		
	(b)			00 प्रत्येक के 4,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन तेभूति प्रीमियम खाते में ₹ 50,000 का शेष था।	
		ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन तथा ऋणपत्रों के नि आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।	र्गमन प	ार बट्टे की राशि को अपलिखित करने के लिए	3

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- On dissolution of a partnership firm, if realisation expenses are paid by the firm on behalf of a partner, then such expenses are debited to which of the following account:
  - (A) Realisation Account
- (B) Partner's Capital Account
- (C) Partner's Loan Account
- (D) Bank Account

1

Anvi, Vani and Karan were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2 : 2 : 1. Their fixed capitals were ₹ 4,00,000, ₹ 5,00,000 and ₹ 6,00,000 respectively. For the year ended 31st March, 2023, interest on capital was credited to the partners capital accounts @ 6% p.a. instead of 10% p.a.

Pass the necessary adjusting Journal entry.

3

18. (a) Mahesh, Ramesh and Naresh were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:2. From 1st April, 2023, they decided to share profits equally. On that date, there was a balance of ₹ 3,60,000 in General Reserve and a debit balance of ₹ 1,80,000 in the Profit and Loss Account. Pass single adjustment Journal entry for the above on account of change in the profit sharing ratio.

3

#### OR

Ravi, Guru, Mani and Sonu were partners in a firm sharing profits (b) in the ratio of the 2:2:2:1. On 31st January, 2023, Sonu retired. On Sonu's retirement the Goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 1,40,000. The new profit sharing ratio among Ravi, Guru and Mani was agreed as 5:1:1. Showing your workings clearly, pass necessary Journal entry for the treatment of Goodwill in the books of the firm on Sonu's retirement without opening goodwill account.

3

19. (a) Chavi Ltd. purchased machinery from Neo Ltd. It was agreed that the purchase consideration will be paid by issuing 10,000 equity shares of  $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$\sim}}$  10 each at a premium of 10% and a bank draft of  $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$\sim}}$  50,000. Pass the necessary Journal entries in the books of Chavi Ltd. for the above transactions.

3

#### OR

(b) On 1st October, 2022 Ninza Ltd. issued 4,000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 10%. The company had a balance of ₹ 50,000 in Securities Premium Account on the same date.

Pass necessary Journal entries for issue of debentures and to write off discount on issue of debentures.

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- 20. माइरा तथा श्रेया एक फर्म में साझेदार थीं । पिछले कुछ वर्षों से वह ₹ 2,00,000 का औसत लाभ अर्जित कर रही थीं । इसी प्रकार के व्यवसाय में प्रतिफल की सामान्य दर 10% है । व्यवसाय की पिरसम्पत्तियों एवं देयताओं का मूल्य क्रमशः ₹ 18,00,000 तथा ₹ 3,00,000 था । अधिलाभ विधि द्वारा फ़र्म की ख्याति के मूल्य की गणना कीजिए, यदि इसका मूल्यांकन अधिलाभों के तीन वर्षों के क्रय के आधार पर किया जाता है ।
- 21. 1 अप्रैल, 2023 को ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 2,00,000 समता अंशों/शेयरों में विभक्त ₹ 20,00,000 की अधिकृत पूँजी के साथ ख्याित लिमिटेड का गठन किया गया। कम्पनी ने 1,80,000 समता अंशों/शेयरों के निर्गमन के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किए। कम्पनी को 1,70,000 समता अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए। प्रथम वर्ष में ₹ 8 प्रति अंश/शेयर माँगे गए तथा ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर की अंतिम याचना अभी माँगी नहीं गई। 2,000 अंशों/शेयरों की धारक सिया तथा 4,000 अंशों/शेयरों की धारक पिया ने ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर की प्रथम याचना का भुगतान नहीं किया। प्रथम याचना के पश्चात् सिया तथा पिया के सभी अंशों/शेयरों का हरण (forfeit) कर लिया गया।

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की अनुसूची-III, भाग-I के अनुसार, अंश/शेयर पूँजी को ख्याति लिमिटेड के स्थिति विवरण में प्रस्तुत कीजिए तथा 'खातों के नोट्स' भी तैयार कीजिए।

22. माधव, राघव तथा पूर्व एक फ़र्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3:1:1 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे। 31 मार्च, 2023 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार था:

31 मार्च, 2023 को माधव, राघव तथा पूर्व का स्थिति विवरण

		राशि		राशि
देयताएँ		(₹)	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	(₹)
लेनदार		1,00,000	बैंक	20,000
सामान्य संचय		50,000	स्टॉक	1,10,000
पूँजी :			विनियोग	70,000
माधव	60,000		फर्नीचर	35,000
राघव	1,00,000		भवन	1,15,000
पूर्व	40,000	2,00,000		
		3,50,000		3,50,000

30 सितम्बर, 2023 को पूर्व की मृत्यु हो गई। साझेदारी संलेख के अनुसार उसके कानूनी उत्तराधिकारी निम्नलिखित के अधिकारी होंगे :

- (i) उसके पूँजी खाते का शेष।
- (ii) लाभ में मृत्यु की तिथि तक उसका भाग, जिसकी गणना पिछले वर्ष के लाभ के आधार पर की जाएगी।
- (iii) ख्याति में उसका भाग, जिसकी गणना पिछले चार वर्षों के औसत लाभ के तीन वर्षों के क्रय के आधार पर की जाएगी।
- (iv) 12% प्रति वर्ष की दर से पूँजी पर ब्याज। पूर्व का लाभ में भाग ₹ 3,000 था तथा पिछले चार वर्षों का औसत लाभ ₹ 50,000 था। मृत्यु की तिथि तक पूर्व का आहरण ₹ 10,000 था।

पूर्व के कानूनी उत्तराधिकारियों को प्रस्तुत करने के लिए पूर्व का पूँजी खाता तैयार कीजिए।

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3

- 20. Maira and Shreya were partners in a firm. They earned an average profit of ₹ 2,00,000 during the last few years. The normal rate of profit in the similar type of business is 10%. The value of assets and liabilities of the business were ₹ 18,00,000 and ₹ 3,00,000 respectively. Calculate the value of goodwill of the firm by super profit method if it is valued at 3 years purchase of super profit.
- 21. On 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023, Khyati Ltd. was formed with an authorised capital of ₹ 20,00,000 divided into 2,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each. The company invited applications for issuing 1,80,000 equity shares. The company received applications for 1,70,000 equity shares. During the first year, ₹ 8 per share were called and final call of ₹ 2 per share has not been made yet. Siya holding 2,000 shares and Piya holding 4,000 shares did not pay the first call of ₹ 2 per share. All the shares of Siya and Piya were forfeited after the first call.

Present the share capital in the Balance Sheet of Khyati Ltd. as per Schedule III, Part I of Companies Act, 2013 and also prepare 'Notes to Accounts' for the same.

22. Madhav, Raghav and Purav were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:1:1. Their Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Madhav, Raghav and Purav as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023

as at 51 Watch, 2025					
Liabilities	Amount (₹)	Assets	Amount (₹)		
Creditors	1,00,000	Bank	20,000		
General Reserve	50,000	Stock	1,10,000		
Capitals:		Investment	70,000		
Madhav 60,000		Furniture	35,000		
Raghav 1,00,000		Building	1,15,000		
Purav <u>40,000</u>	2,00,000				
	3,50,000		3,50,000		

Purav died on 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2023. According to Partnership deed, his legal representatives are entitled to the following:

- (i) Balance in his Capital Account.
- (ii) Share of profit upto the date of death to be calculated on the basis of last year's profit.
- (iii) Share of goodwill calculated on the basis of three years purchase of average profits of last four years.
- (iv) Interest on capital @ 12% p.a.

Purav's share of profit was ₹ 3,000 and the average profit of last four years were ₹ 50,000. Purav's drawings upto the date of death were ₹ 10,000.

Prepare Purav's Capital Account to be rendered to his legal representatives.

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23. (a) अर्नव, भावी तथा छवि साझेदार थे तथा 3:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते थे। 31 मार्च, 2023 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार था:

## 31 मार्च, 2023 को अर्नव, भावी तथा छवि का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि (₹)	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि (₹)
पूँजी :	4,40,000 2,50,000	संयंत्र एवं मशीनरी फर्नीचर देनदार 3,50,000 घटा : संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान 20,000 रोकड़ हस्ते लाभ-हानि खाता	3,00,000 20,000 3,30,000 10,000 30,000
	6,90,000		6,90,000

उपरोक्त तिथि को छवि सेवानिवृत्त हो गई। यह सहमति हुई कि:

- (i) संयंत्र तथा मशीनरी का मूल्यांकन ₹ 4,30,000 किया जायेगा ।
- (ii) संदिग्ध ऋणों के विद्यमान प्रावधान को 50% बढ़ाया जायेगा।
- (iii) ख्याति में छिव के भाग का मूल्यांकन ₹ 80,000 किया गया तथा ख्याति खाता खोले बिना इसका लेखांकन किया जायेगा।
- (iv) छवि को भुगतान की जाने वाली कुल राशि अर्नव तथा भावी इस प्रकार लायेंगें कि उनकी पूँजी उनके नए लाभ विभाजन अनुपात में हो जाए।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता तथा साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तैयार कीजिए।

अथवा

(b) दिव्या तथा एकता एक फ़र्म की साझेदार थीं तथा 3:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटती थीं। 31 मार्च, 2023 को उन्होंने फ़र्म के लाभों में 1/4 भाग के लिए सोना को एक नए साझेदार के रूप में प्रवेश दिया। उस तिथि को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार था:

31 मार्च, 2023 को दिव्या तथा एकता का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि (₹)	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि (₹)
पूँजी :		भूमि तथा भवन	5,00,000
दिव्या 10,00,000		मशीनरी	6,00,000
एकता <u>7,00,000</u>	17,00,000	स्टॉक	1,50,000
सामान्य संचय	3,20,000	देनदार 4,00,000	)
लेनदार	5,40,000	घटा : संदिग्ध ऋणों के	
		लिए प्रावधान <u>30,000</u>	0   3,70,000
		निवेश	5,00,000
		रोकड़	4,40,000
	25,60,000		25,60,000

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23. (a) Arnav, Bhavi and Chavi were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1. On 31st March, 2023, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Arnay, Bhavi and Chavi as at 31st March, 2023

Balance Sheet of the transfer and the sheet and the sheet of the sheet				
Liabilities	Amount (₹)	Assets	Amount (₹)	
Capitals:		Plant & Machinery	3,00,000	
Arnav 1,80,000		Furniture	20,000	
Bhavi 1,60,000		Debtors 3,50,000		
Chavi <u>1,00,000</u>	4,40,000	Less : Provision for doubt-		
Creditors	2,50,000	ful debts $20,000$	3,30,000	
		Cash in hand	10,000	
		Profit and Loss Account	30,000	
	6,90,000		6,90,000	

Chavi retired on the above date. It was agreed that:

- Plant and Machinery be valued at ₹ 4,30,000. (i)
- (ii) The existing Provision for Bad Debts was to be increased by 50%.
- (iii) Chavi's share of Goodwill was valued at ₹ 80,000 and the same was to be treated without opening goodwill account.
- The total amount to be paid to Chavi was brought in by Arnav and Bhavi in such a way as to make their capitals in proportion to their new profit sharing ratio.

Prepare Revaluation Account and Partners' Capital Accounts.

OR

Divya and Ekta were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of (b) 3: 1. On 31st March, 2023 they admitted Sona as a new partner for 1/4th share in the profits of the firm. Their Balance Sheet on that date was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Divva and Ekta as at 31st March, 2023

Liabilities	Amount (₹)	Assets	Amount (₹)
Capitals:		Land and Building	5,00,000
Divya 10,00,000		Machinery	6,00,000
Ekta <u>7,00,000</u>	17,00,000	Stock	1,50,000
General Reserve	3,20,000	Debtors 4,00,000	
Creditors	5,40,000	Less : Provision for	
		doubtful debts 30,000	3,70,000
		Investments	5,00,000
		Cash	4,40,000
	25,60,000		25,60,000

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सोना ₹ 4,00,000 अपनी पूँजी तथा अपनी ख्याति के भाग के रूप में नगद लाएगी। यह सहमति हुई कि:

- (i) फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 2,40,000 किया गया ।
- (ii) भूमि तथा भवन का मूल्यांकन ₹ 7,12,000 किया गया ।
- (iii) संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान ₹ 8,000 से अधिक पाया गया ।
- (iv) लेनदारों में सम्मिलित ₹ 20,000 की एक देयता का भुगतान नहीं किया जायेगा।
- (v) दिव्या तथा एकता की पूँजी का समायोजन सोना की पूँजी के आधार पर चालू खाते खोलकर किया जायेगा।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता तथा साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तैयार कीजिए।

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24. (a) मुरारी लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 80,000 समता अंशों/शेयरों को ₹ 4 प्रित अंश/शेयर के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किए । प्रित अंश/शेयर राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से देय था : ₹ 5 — आवेदन पर तथा ₹ 9 (प्रीमियम सिहत)— आबंटन पर । 1,40,000 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए तथा सभी अंशधारियों/शेयरहोल्डर्स को आनुपातिक आधार पर अंशों/शेयरों का आबंटन कर दिया गया । आवेदन पर भुगतान की गई अतिरिक्त राशि का समायोजन आबंटन पर देय राशि में कर लिया गया । आवंटन पर देय सभी राशि प्राप्त हो गई केवल समीर को छोड़कर, जिसने 1,400 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन किया था । उसके अंशों/शेयरों का हरण (forfeit) कर लिया गया । मुरारी लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में उपरोक्त लेन–देनों का लेखा करने के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए । जहाँ भी आवश्यक हो अदत्त याचना खाता खोलिए ।

अथवा

(b) काव्या लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 30,000 अंशों/शेयरों को ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करने हेतु आवेदन आमंत्रित किए। राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से देय था:

आवेदन तथा आबंटन पर ₹ 7 प्रति अंश/शेयर

प्रथम तथा अंतिम याचना पर ₹ 5 (प्रीमियम ₹ 2 सिहत) प्रति अंश/शेयर 33,000 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । कम्पनी ने 3,000 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया तथा आवेदकों को राशि वापिस कर दी । 30,000 अंशों/शेयरों को पूर्ण रूप से स्वीकार कर लिया गया ।

आवेदन तथा आबंटन राशि विधिवत प्राप्त हो गई। प्रथम तथा अंतिम याचना माँग ली गई तथा 500 अंशों/शेयरों के एक धारक को छोड़कर प्रथम तथा अंतिम याचना प्राप्त हो गई। उसके अंशों/शेयरों का हरण (forfeit) कर लिया गया। इन सभी अंशों/शेयरों को ₹ 8 प्रति अंश/शेयर पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुनःनिर्गमित कर दिया गया।

काव्या लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में उपरोक्त लेन-देनों की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए। जहाँ भी आवश्यक हो अदत्त याचना खाता खोलिए।

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Sona will bring ₹ 4,00,000 as her capital and her share of goodwill in cash. It was agreed that:

- (i) Goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 2,40,000.
- (ii) Land & Building were valued at ₹ 7,12,000.
- (iii) Provision for doubtful debts was found to be in excess by ₹ 8,000
- (iv) A liability for ₹ 20,000 included in Creditors was not likely to arise.
- (v) The capitals of Divya and Ekta will be adjusted on the basis of Sona's capital by opening current accounts.

Prepare Revaluation Account and Partners' Capital Accounts.

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24. (a) Murari Ltd. invited applications for issuing 80,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 4 per share. The amount per share was payable as follows: ₹ 5 on application and ₹ 9 (including premium) on allotment.

Applications were received for 1,40,000 shares and allotment was made on pro-rata basis to all the applicants. Money overpaid on application was utilised towards sums due on allotment.

The allotment money was duly received except from Sameer who had applied for 1,400 shares. His shares were forfeited.

Pass the necessary journal entries in the books of Murari Ltd. to record the above transactions. Open calls-in-arrears account wherever required.

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OR

(b) Kavya Ltd. invited applications for issuing 30,000 shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 2 per share. The amount was payable as follows:

On application and allotment ₹ 7 per share

On first and final call ₹ 5 per share (including ₹ 2 premium)

Applications were received for 33,000 shares. Applications for 3,000 shares were rejected and money returned to the applicants. Applications for 30,000 shares were accepted in full.

The application and allotment money was duly received. The first and final call was made and money received except from a shareholder holding 500 shares. His shares were forfeited. All these shares were re-issued to Kartik as fully paid for ₹ 8 per share.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of Kavya Ltd. Open calls-in-arrears account wherever required.

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- विभिन्न परिसम्पत्तियों (रोकड़ के अतिरिक्त) तथा तृतीय पक्ष की देयताओं को वसूली खाते में स्थानान्तरित करने के पश्चात राधा तथा सुधा की फ़र्म के विघटन पर निम्नलिखित लेन-देनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
  - नितिश ने, जो एक पुराना ग्राहक था, पिछले वर्ष में जिसके खाते को ₹ 11.000 से डबत ऋण के रूप में अपलिखित कर दिया गया था, राशि के 70% का भुगतान कर दिया।
  - ₹ 40,000 की राशि के विविध लेनदारों का 20% बहे पर हिसाब चुकता (settled) कर दिया गया।
  - (iii) राधा ने ₹ 23,000 के निवेशों को ₹ 20,000 में ले लिया।
  - (iv) लाभ-हानि खाता ₹ 18,000 का नाम-शेष दर्शा रहा था।
  - सुधा के ₹ 15,000 के ऋण का भुगतान कर दिया गया।
  - (vi) ₹ 1,00,000 की प्स्तकीय मूल्य की मशीनरी को एक लेनदार को ₹ 85,000 के पूर्ण भूगतान में दे दिया गया।
- 26. यूनीकॉर्न लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक स्थिति में ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन से सम्बन्धित रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
  - ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 20,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 10% प्रीमियम पर किया गया, इनका शोधन 5% प्रीमियम पर किया जाएगा।
  - (ii) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 8,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 10% बट्टे पर किया गया, इनका शोधन 10% प्रीमियम पर किया जाएगा।
  - (iii) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 3,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन सममूल्य पर किया गया, इनका शोधन 10% प्रीमियम पर किया जाएगा।

#### भाग - ख

#### विकल्प – I

### (वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

- श्याम सन्दर लिमिटेड एक वित्तीयन कम्पनी है। 'ऋण पर भुगतान किया गया ब्याज' को 27. निम्नलिखित में से किस क्रियाकलाप के अन्तर्गत दर्शाया जायेगा:
  - (A) निवेश क्रियाकलाप

- (B) वित्तीयन क्रियाकलाप
- (C) दोनों वित्तीयन तथा प्रचालन क्रियाकलाप (D) प्रचालन क्रियाकलाप

#### अथवा

विवरण 1-4-2022 31-3-2023 (b) ₹ 25,000 कर प्रावधान ₹ 10,000

> 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए कर भुगतान ₹ 15,000 था। कर तथा असाधारण गतिविधियों से पूर्व शुद्ध लाभ की गणना करने के लिए कर प्रावधान के \_\_\_\_\_ जोड़े जायेंगे।

(A) ₹ 30,000

(B) ₹25,000

(C) ₹ 10,000

(D) ₹ 15,000

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- 25. Pass the necessary journal entries for the following transactions on the dissolution of the firm of Radha and Sudha after various assets (other than cash) and third party liabilities have been transferred to Realisation Account:
  - (i) Nitish, an old customer, whose account for ₹ 11,000 was written off as bad debt in the previous year, paid 70% of the amount.
  - (ii) Sundry creditors amounting to ₹ 40,000 were settled at a discount of 20%.
  - (iii) Radha took over investments worth ₹ 23,000 at ₹ 20,000.
  - (iv) Profit and Loss Account showed a debit balance of ₹ 18,000.
  - (v) Sudha's loan amounting to ₹ 15,000 was paid.
  - (vi) Machinery of the book value of ₹ 1,00,000 was given to a creditor of ₹ 85,000 in full settlement.
- 26. Pass Journal entries relating to issue of debentures in the books of Unicorn Ltd. in each of the following cases:
  - (i) Issued 20,000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 10%, redeemable at a premium of 5%.
  - (ii) Issued 8,000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 10%, redeemable at a premium of 10%.
  - (iii) Issued 3,000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par, redeemable at a premium of 10%.

### PART – B OPTION – I

#### (Analysis of Financial Statements)

- 27. (a) Shyam Sunder Ltd. is a financing company. Under which of the following activity will the amount of 'Interest paid on loan' be shown:
  - (A) Investing activity
  - (B) Financing activity
  - (C) Both Financing & Operating activity
  - (D) Operating activity

OR

(b)	Particulars	1-4-2022	31-3-2023	
	Provision for Tax	₹ 10,000	₹ 25,000	

Tax paid during the year ended 31st March, 2023 was ₹ 15,000.

While calculating Net Profit before Tax and Extra ordinary items, the amount of provision for tax to be added is \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) ₹ 30,000

(B) ₹ 25,000

(C) ₹ 10,000

(D) ₹ 15,000

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28.							
	(A)	अनुपात विश्लेषण			(B)	तुलनात्मक विवरण	
	(C)	लाभ-हानि विवरण			(D)	रोकड़-प्रवाह विवरण	1
20	(0)	कुल परिसम्पत्तियाँ –	=	F 2.00.000			
29.	(a)	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ –					
		अचल देयताएँ –		•			
		अंशधारक निधियाँ –					
		उपरोक्त सूचना के आधार प	ार गए	गना किया गया च	• •		
		(A) 0.5:1				2:1	-
		(C) 1.5:1		अथवा	(D)	1:1	1
	(h)	जन चाल भागात ४ . १ ह	<b>≱</b>		<b>₹</b> 60	000 तथा तरल अनुपात 2.5 : 1 है, तो	
	(b)	जब चालू अनुपात 4: 1 ह इंवेंट्री (स्टॉक) की राशि हो		ालू पारसम्पात्तया	₹ 60,	000 तथा तरल अनुपात 2.5 : 1 ह, ता	
		(A) ₹ 22,500			(B)	₹ 37,500	
		(C) ₹ 15,000			(D)	₹ 25,000	1
30.	निम्न	में से किस लेन–देन का परिण	ाम रं	किंद्र प्रवाह होगा	?		
00.	(A)	बैंक से ₹ 71,000 का नग			•		
	` ′	मशीनरी के विक्रेता को ₹ 1			गणनों ह	का निर्गमन ।	
	` '	देनदारों से ₹ 74,000 की			-1 1211 3	90.01	
	, ,	समता अंशों में परिवर्तित क			ाशीष्ट्रा	I	1
	(D)	रामता अशा म गरिनातत क	(4)	10/0 464141 41	। साञ	1 [	1
31.					-	नार, निम्न मदों को कौन से मुख्य शीर्षकों	
	तथा उ	उपशीर्षकों के अन्तर्गत कम्पर्न	ो के	स्थिति विवरण में	प्रस्तुत	किया जाएगा :	
	(i)	एकस्व/पेटेण्ट्स					
	(ii)	पूँजी संचय					
	(iii)	पूर्वदत्त किराया					3
32.	ਰਿਸ਼ਤ	लेखित सूचना से कार्यशील प्	ॉंची <u>व</u>	थातर्च अस्पात र्रू	नागार र	। क्रीना ·	
<i>0</i> Δ.		•	Žan c	25%	1 -1-1-1	। भगाजर्	
		ेलाभ अनुपात	<b>=</b>				
	सकल		₹	5,00,000			
		ारकों/शेयरधारकों के कोष					
		। देयताएँ 	₹	8,00,000			•
	अचल	। परिसम्पत्तियाँ	₹	23,00,000			3
67/5	/3/22	$/\mathrm{Q5QPS}$	_	Page 22 o	f 32	<u> </u>	

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	Non	-curr	ent Assets	₹ 23,00,	000		3
				₹ 8,00,			
				₹ 25,00,			
		$\operatorname{ss}\operatorname{Pro}$		- ₹ 5,00,			
~ <b>~.</b>			ofit Ratio	·	25%		
32.	Froi	m the	following inform	nation. ca	ılcula	te Working Capital Turnover Ra	tio:
	(iii)	rrep	paid rent				3
	(ii)	_	ital Reserve				ก
	(i)	Pate					
		-	oanies Act, 2013				
51.	plac	ed in	the Balance She	eet of the		pany as per Schedule III, Part I	
31.	I I a a	lan	high major has	da and	ank L	eads will the following items	ho
	(D)	Red	eemed 10% debei	ntures by	conv	verting into equity shares.	1
	(C)		eived from debtor	·			
	(B)			,	•	00 to the vendors of Machinery.	
	(A)	Casi	h withdrawn fror	n bank ₹	71,0	00.	
30.	Whi	ich of	the following tra	nsaction	will	result in flow of cash?	
		(0)	(10,000		(D)	<i>( 20,000</i>	•
		(C)	•		(D)	,	1
		(A)	io is $2.5:1$ , the at $ otin 22,500$	mount of	(B)	entory will be : ₹37,500	
	(b)			,		ent Assets are ₹ 60,000 and Qui	ck
	<b>a</b> >			_	R		
		(C)	1.5:1	_	` ′	1:1	1
		` /	0.5:1		(B)	2:1	
		Cur	rent ratio calcula	ited on th	ne ba	sis of above information will be:	
		Sha	reholders Funds	_	₹ 2,	00,000	
		Non	-current Liabiliti	ies –	₹	80,000	
		Non	-current Assets	_	₹ 2,	60,000	
29.	(a)	Tota	al Assets	_	₹ 3,	00,000	
	(C)	Stat	tement of Profit &	k Loss	(D)	Cash flow Statement	1
	(A)	Rati	io Analysis		(B)	Comparative Statement	
28.	Whi	ich of	the following is r	not a tool	of A	nalysis of Financial Statements ?	)

33. (a) 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए शिखा लिमिटेड के निम्नलिखित लाभ-हानि विवरण से तुलनात्मक लाभ-हानि विवरण तैयार कीजिए:

शिखा लिमिटेड 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए लाभ-हानि विवरण

विवरण	2022-23 (₹)	2021-22 (₹)
प्रचालन आगम	32,00,000	20,00,000
व्यय : कर्मचारी हितलाभ व्यय	9,60,000	6,00,000
अन्य व्यय	6,40,000	4,00,000

कर दर 50% है।

#### अथवा

(b) निम्नलिखित सूचना से 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए क लिमिटेड तथा ख लिमिटेड का सामान्य आकार लाभ-हानि विवरण तैयार कीजिए :

 विवरण
 क लिमिटेड
 ख लिमिटेड

 प्रचालन आगम (₹)
 20,00,000
 10,00,000

 अन्य आय (₹)
 3,00,000
 80,000

 व्यय (₹)
 10,40,000
 4,80,000

 कर दर
 40%
 40%

34. योगिता लिमिटेड के निम्न स्थिति विवरण से 'निवेश क्रियाकलापों से रोकड़ प्रवाह' तथा 'वित्तीय क्रियाकलापों से रोकड़ प्रवाह' की गणना कीजिए। अपने कार्य को स्पष्ट रूप से दर्शाइए।

## योगिता लिमिटेड

## 31 मार्च, 2023 का स्थिति विवरण

		विवरण	नोट सं.	31-3-2023 (₹)	31-3-2022 (₹)
I.	समत	एवं देयताएँ :			
	(1)	अंशधारक/शेयरधारक निधियाँ			
		(क) अंश पूँजी/शेयर पूँजी		4,00,000	2,00,000
		(ख) संचय एवं आधिक्य	1	2,00,000	1,00,000
	(2)	अचल देयताएँ			
		(क) दीर्घकालीन उधार	2	1,50,000	2,20,000
	(3)	चालू देयताएँ			
		(क) अल्पकालीन उधार	3	1,00,000	_
		(ख) व्यापारिक देय		70,000	50,000
		(ग) अल्पकालीन प्रावधान	4	50,000	30,000
		कुल		9,70,000	6,00,000

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33. (a) From the following Statement of Profit and Loss of Shikha Ltd., prepare Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Shikha Ltd.

Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Particulars	2022-23 (₹)	2021-22 (₹)
Revenue from operations	32,00,000	20,00,000
Expenses:		
Employee benefit expenses	9,60,000	6,00,000
Other expenses	6,40,000	4,00,000

Rate of Tax is 50%.

OR

(b) From the following information prepare a Common Size Statement of Profit and Loss of A Ltd. and B Ltd. for the year ended 31st March, 2023:

 Particulars
 A Ltd.
 B Ltd.

 Revenue from operations (₹)
 20,00,000 10,00,000 

 Other income (₹)
 3,00,000 80,000 

 Expenses (₹)
 10,40,000 4,80,000 

 Tax Rate
 40% 40%

34. From the following Balance Sheet of Yogita Ltd., calculate 'Cash flows from Investing Activities' and 'Cash flows from Financing Activities'. Show your working properly.

Yogita Ltd. Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023

			Particulars	Note No.	31-3-2023 (₹)	31-3-2022 (₹)
I. Equity and Liabilities :						
	(1) Shareholders' Funds					
		(a)	Share Capital		4,00,000	2,00,000
		(b)	Reserves and Surplus	1	2,00,000	1,00,000
	(2)	Non	-Current Liabilities			
		(a)	Long term borrowings	2	1,50,000	2,20,000
	(3)	Cur	rent Liabilities			
		(a)	Short term borrowings	3	1,00,000	_
		(b)	Trade payables		70,000	50,000
		(c)	Short term provisions	4	50,000	30,000
			Total		9,70,000	6,00,000

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4



II.	परिस	मित्तयाँ :		
	(1)	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
		(क) स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
		(संपत्ति, संयंत्र एवं उपकरण तथा		
		अमूर्त सम्पत्तियाँ)		
		(i) मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ 5	7,00,000	4,00,000
		(संपत्ति, संयंत्र एवं उपकरण)		
	(2)	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
		(क) स्टॉक (मालसूची)	1,70,000	1,00,000
		(ख) व्यापारिक प्राप्य	1,00,000	50,000
		(ग) रोकड़ एवं रोकड़ तुल्य		50,000
		कुल	9,70,000	6,00,000

## खातों के नोट्स :

नोट सं.	विवरण	31-3-2023	31-3-2022
गाट सः	।पपरण	(₹)	(₹)
1.	संचय एवं आधिक्य		
	लाभ-हानि विवरण का शेष	1,50,000	80,000
	सामान्य संचय	50,000	20,000
		2,00,000	1,00,000
2.	दीर्घकालीन उधार		
	10% बैंक ऋण	1,50,000	2,20,000
		1,50,000	2,20,000
3.	अल्पकालीन उधार		
	बैंक अधिविकर्ष	1,00,000	_
		1,00,000	_
4.	अल्पकालीन प्रावधान		
	कर-प्रावधान	50,000	30,000
		50,000	30,000
5.	मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ (संपत्ति, संयंत्र एवं उपकरण)		
	संयंत्र एवं मशीनरी	7,90,000	4,70,000
	घटा ः एकत्रित मूल्यहास	(90,000)	(70,000)
		7,00,000	4,00,000

## अतिरिक्त सूचना :

- (i) संयंत्र तथा मशीनरी पर ₹ 50,000 का मूल्यह्रास लगाया गया । एक मशीनरी की जिसकी लागत
   ₹ 60,000 (पुस्तकीय मूल्य ₹ 45,000) थी, ₹ 42,000 में बेच दी गई ।
- (ii) बैंक ऋण का पुनर्भुगतान 1 अप्रैल, 2022 को कर दिया गया ।

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II.	Ass	ets			
	(1)	Non-Current Assets			
		(a) Fixed Assets (Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets)			
		(i) Tangible Assets	5	7,00,000	4,00,000
		(Property, plant and equipment)			
	(2)	Current Assets			
		(a) Inventories		1,70,000	1,00,000
		(b) Trade Receivables		1,00,000	50,000
		(c) Cash & Cash equivalents		_	50,000
		Total		9,70,000	6,00,000

#### Notes to Accounts:

Note No.	Particulars	31-3-2023 **	31-3-2022 ₹
+	D 1 C 1		<u> </u>
1.	Reserves and Surplus		
	Balance in statement of Profit & Loss	1,50,000	80,000
	General Reserve	50,000	20,000
		2,00,000	1,00,000
2.	Long term borrowings		
	10% Bank Loan	1,50,000	2,20,000
		1,50,000	2,20,000
3.	Short term borrowings		
	Bank Overdraft	1,00,000	_
		1,00,000	_
4.	Short term provisions		
	Provision for tax	50,000	30,000
		50,000	30,000
5.	Tangible Assets (Property, plant & equipment)		
	Plant and Machinery	7,90,000	4,70,000
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(90,000)	(70,000)
		7,00,000	4,00,000

#### **Additional Information:**

- (i) ₹ 50,000 was charged as depreciation on Plant and Machinery. A machinery costing ₹ 60,000 (Book value ₹ 45,000) was sold for ₹ 42,000.
- (ii) Bank loan was repaid on 1st April, 2022.

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## भाग – ख

## विकल्प – II

			(अभिकलित्र	। लेखा	कन)	
27.		\	अथवा कार्य (फंक्शन) अथवा अंक	गणिती	य अभिव्यक्ति का में लेखा किया	
	जाता	है ।"				
	(A)	पंक्ति		(B)	स्तम्भ	
	(C)	सीमा	(रेंज)	(D)	सेल	1
28.	(a)	निम्न रं	में से कौन सी लेखांकन सूचना प्रणार्ल	ो से मूत	न्यहास उत्पन्न किया जाता है ?	
		(A)	कर लेखांकन उप-प्रणाली			
		(B)	व्यय लेखांकन उप-प्रणाली			
		(C)	अन्तिम खाते उप-प्रणाली			
		(D)	स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ लेखांकन उप-	प्रणाली	1	1
			अथ	वा		
	(b)	ऐसे सं	गठन के लिए, जिसमें लेखांकन लेन	1–देनों	की मात्रा कम तथा अनुकूलन क्षमता उच्च हो,	
		किस !	प्रकार का सॉफ़्टवेयर पैकेज़ उपयुक्त र	हता है	?	
		(A)	विशिष्ट	(B)	अनुरूप (टेलर्ड)	
		(C)	ई.आर.पी. सॉफ़्टवेयर	(D)	जेनरिक	1
29. किस चार्ट में डेप्थ एक्सिस होता है ?						
	(A)	2 डी <sup>२</sup>	चार्ट	(B)	3 डी चार्ट	
	(C)	रडार च	गर्ट	(D)	डोनट चार्ट	1
30.	(a)	निम्न र	में से कौन सी अभिकलित्र लेखांकन व	की एक	सीमा नहीं है ?	
		(A)	बिजली व्यवधान होने के कारण आँ	कड़े गा	यब अथवा दुषित हो सकते हैं।	
		(B)	आँकड़ों के हैकिंग की संभावना होर्त		~	
		(C)	आँकड़े सभी को उपलब्ध कराये जारे	ते हैं।		
		(D)	प्रोग्राम न किए गए तथा अनिर्दिष्ट प्र	तिवेदन	उत्पन्न नहीं किए जा सकते हैं।	1
			अथ	वा		
	(b)	परिसम	पत्तियों को सुरक्षित रखने तथा संसाध	धनों के	उपयोग को बेहतर करने के लिए एक व्यवसाय	
		(A)	 केवल पर्याप्त आगम अर्जित करने व	हा प्रयत	न करता है ।	
		(B)	केवल लेखांकन लेखों की शुद्धता सु	निश्चि	त करता है ।	
		(C)	आन्तरिक नियंत्रण रखता है।			
		(D)	केवल अपनी परिसम्पत्तियों की सुरक्ष	ग़ करत	π है ।	1
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## PART – B OPTION – II

## (Computerised Accounting)

27.	27. "A value or function or an arithmetic expression is recorded in"						
	(A)	) Row		(B)	Column		
	(C)	Ran	ge	(D)	Cell	1	
28.	(a)	_	reciation is generated fr	om v	which of the following Accounting	ç	
		(A)	Tax accounting sub-syst	em			
		(B)	Expense accounting sub-	-syste	em		
		(C)	Final accounts sub-syste	em			
		(D)	Fixed assets accounting	sub-s	ystem	1	
			0	$\mathbf{R}$			
	(b)	the			suitable for an organization where ons is very low and adaptability is		
		(A)	Specific	(B)	Tailored		
		(C)	ERP Software	(D)	Generic	1	
29.	Whi	ch ch	art has depth axis?				
	(A)		chart	(B)	3D chart		
	(C)		ar chart	(D)	Doughnut chart	1	
30.	(a)		ch of the following is not em?	a lim	itation of computerised accounting	5	
		(A) Data may be lost or corrupted due to power interruptions.					
		(B)	B) Data are prone to hacking.				
		(C)	Data is made available t	o eve	rybody.		
		(D)			ic reports cannot be generated.	1	
	<u>.</u> .			$\mathbf{R}$			
	(b)	To s	safeguard assets and opt	timize	e the use of resources a business	3	
		(A)	Only tries to earn suffici	ent r	evenue.		
		(B) Only ensures accuracy in accounting records.					
		(C)	Keeps internal controls.				
		(D)	Only protects its assets.			1	
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31. एक a#DIV/0! त्रुटि कैसे ठीक की जा सकती है ?

34.

- 32. 'पिवट सारणी' (टेबल) में उपयोग की जाने वाली विभिन्न 'आँकड़ा सारणियाँ' समझाइए।
- 33. (a) चार्ट/ग्राफ के लिए एक्सल में उपयोग किए जाने वाली नाम पद्धतियों के बिन्दुओं की सूची दीजिए। **4** अथवा
  - (b) डॉयलॉग बॉक्स का उपयोग करते हुए 'प्रिंट क्षेत्र' को परिभाषित करने के चरणों को समझाइए। 4

Paste	Copy -	B 7 11	11 A A A	- Anneadon		
	Format Pa Clipboard	ilitei	Font 5		Alignment	teran Carolog for on adultation of artificial sign
H21		3 X V	fx			
4	Α	В	c	D	Е	F
1				विषय		
2	क्र.सं.	नाम	गणित	अंग्रेजी	विज्ञान	कुल
3	1	तरनदीप	99	52	66	217
4	2	विलियम	33	87	65	185
5	3	मारग्रेट	37	62	88	187
6	4	राम	89	46	56	191
7	5	लुईस	67	53	65	185
8	6	आफ़रीन	88	49	49	186
9	7	मेहरूनिशा	66	77	59	202
10	8	आबिद	100	51	79	230

दिए गए 'वीलुकअप' (VLOOKUP) वाक्य-विन्यास के लिए वर्कशीट का उपयोग करते हुए त्रुटि तथा उसका कारण ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (i) = 'वीलुकअप' (बी5, सी3: एफ10, 2, 0)
- (ii) = एसक्यूआरटी (वीलुकअप (बी3, बी3: एफ10, 2, 0) 100)
- (iii) = 'वीलुकअप' (बी2, बी3 : एफ<math>10, 5, 0)
- (iv) = 'वीलुकअप' (बी3, बी3 : बी10, 2, 0)
- (v) = 'वीलुकअप' (बी6, बी3 : एफ10, 0, 0)
- (vi) = 'वीलुकअप' (बी6, बी3 : एफ<math>10, 2, 0)/0

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6

31. How can a#DIV/0! error be corrected?

34.

3

32. Explain various 'Data tables' used in 'Pivot Table.

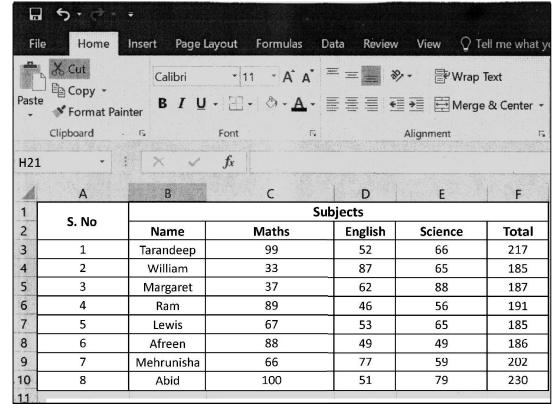
- 3
- 33. (a) List the points of nomenclature used in Excel for charts/graphs.

4

#### OR

(b) Explain the steps to define 'Print area' using Dialog box.

4



From the given 'VLOOKUP' syntax find out the error and its reason using the worksheet.

- (i) = VLOOKUP (B5, C3 : F10, 2, 0)
- (ii) = SQRT (VLOOKUP (B3, B3 : F10, 2, 0) 100)
- (iii) = VLOOKUP (B2, B3 : F10, 5, 0)
- (iv) = VLOOKUP (B3, B3 : B10, 2, 0)
- (v) = VLOOKUP (B6, B3 : F10, 0, 0)
- (vi) = VLOOKUP (B6, B3 : F10, 2, 0)/0

6

67/5/3/22/Q5QPS

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# STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL: (FOR INTERNAL AND RESTRICTED USE ONLY) SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL EXAMINATION 2024 MARKING SCHEME – ACCOUNTANCY (SUBJECT CODE—055)

(PAPER CODE—67/5/3)

#### **General Instructions: -**

- You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully
- 2 "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."
- 3 Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them.
- 4 The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers. These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.
- 5 The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators
- 6 Evaluators will mark( $\sqrt{}$ ) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right ( $\sqrt{}$ ) while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 7 If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totalled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly
- **8** If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly
- 9 If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question".
- 10 No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
- 11 A full scale of <u>80</u>marks as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 12 Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines)





- 13 Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
  - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
  - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
  - Wrong grand total.
  - Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
  - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)
  - Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 14 While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) marks
- 15 Any un assessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- 16 The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "Guidelines for spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.
- 17 Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 18 The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.





67 /5	MARKING SCHEME- 67/5/3	Marks
/3	ACCOUNTANCY (055)	
	EXPECTED ANSWERS / VALUE POINTS	
	SECTION A	
	(Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)	
1	Q. (a) Ridhima and Kavita	
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) ₹9,000 and ₹12,000 respectively	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Ruchika and Harshita	
	<b>Ans</b> . (D) ₹810	1 mark
2	Q. Assertion (A): Securities Premium	
	Ans. (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct reason of Assertion (A).	1 mark
3	Q. Kewal Ltd. purchased	
	<b>Ans</b> . (D) 26,000	1 mark
4	Q. (a) Aarav Ltd. issued	
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) ₹1,00,000	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Dove Ltd. issued	
	<b>Ans</b> . (C) ₹88,000	1 mark



	Read the follo	owing hypothetical situation 1			
		-			
5	Q. Opening c	apital of Keshav was			
	(D) 150	000			1 mark
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) ₹52,	000			
6	O Amount o	f interest to be charged			
U	Q. Amount o	i interest to be charged			
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) ₹300				1 mark
	12000				1 223322
7	Q. Isha and N	Manish			
	Ans. (A)	T- · ·		- 1	
	Date	Particulars	Dr.Amount (₹)	Cr.Amount (₹)	
	2023 April 1	Manish's Capital A/c Dr.			1 mark
	April 1	Manish's Capital A/c Dr. To Isha's Capital A/c	30,000	30,000	
0	0.14.11.0				
8	Q. Mahi, Rul	ni and Ginni			
	<b>Ans</b> . (A) ₹20,	000			1 mark
	Alis. (A) \20,				1 mark
9	Q. Sarita Ltd	l. forfeited			
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) ₹350				1 mark
10	Q. Assertion (A): In partnership firm				
	Ans. (D) Asse	ertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.			
4.4	0 () 4 11/4	N 1 2/2 1 1 1 2/2			
11	Q. (a) Aditi, S	Sukriti and Niti			
	<b>Ans</b> . (B) ₹45,	000			1 mark
	Alis. (D) (43,	000			
		OR			OR



	Q. (b) Pawan, a partner was appointed	
	Z. (2) - m. m., a parener mas appointedim	
	Ang (A) 775 000	1 mark
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) ₹75,000	1 mark
12	Q. A partnership firm has	
	Ans. (C) 5	1 mark
12	O (a) Visit: Him and Wills:	
13	Q. (a) Kriti, Hina and Nidhi	
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) ₹5,000	1 mark
	OB	OB
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Rohit, Udit and Mohit were	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) ₹20,000	1 mark
14	Q. A, B and C were partners in a firm	
	(C) 21:14:15:10	1 mark
	(0) 21.1 1.15.10	
15	O (a) If all the fewfeited shares are reissued	
15	Q. (a) If all the forfeited shares are reissued	
	Ans. (C) Capital Reserve Account	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Raghav Ltd. forfeited	
	χ. (α) 2.mg.m. 2.mm (στιστουστική)	
	$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{PG}}(\mathbf{A}) \mathbf{\Xi} \mathbf{A}$	1 mark
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) ₹4	
16	Q. On dissolution of a partnership firm	
	Ans. (B) Partner's Capital Account	1 mark



Ans.								
Books of Anvi, Vani and Karan								
Date	Particulars		Journal L1	F	Dr.	Cr.	1	
Duic	Turticulars				nount (₹)	Amount (₹)		
	Anvi's Currer Vani's Curren To Karan's	t A/c Dr Current A/c	:		8,000 4,000	12,000		11/
	(Interest on ca	pital credited less, now	rectified)					
VV UFKI	ng Notes:	Tahle	showing adjustment					
Partne	ers	Cr. Interest on	Cr. Profits			Effect		
		Capital	( <del>3</del> )		Dr.	Cr		
Anvi		@4% (₹) 16,000	(₹) 24,000	8	(₹) 5,000	(₹	)	
Vani		20,000	24,000	4	,000	-		11/
Karar	1	24,000	12,000		-	12,0	000	= 3
		60,000	60,000	1:	2,000	12,0	000	mar
	'n case an exan edit should be g	iinee has given only th iven	e journal entry correc	etly and	has not sh	own the wo	orking,	
full cre	Mahesh, Rame	sh and Naresh  Books of Ma	ahesh, Ramesh and N Journal	aresh				
full cre	Mahesh, Rame			laresh	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)		



### Working Notes:

(i) Items to be adjusted:

₹

General reserve 3,60,000 Profit and Loss Account (Dr.) (1,80,000)1,80,000

1 ½ marks

(ii) Calculation of sacrifice/ gain:

Sacrificing share= Old share- new share Mahesh: 5/10-1/3 = 5/30 (sacrifice) Ramesh: 3/10-1/3 = -1/30 (gain) Naresh: 2/10 - 1/3 = -4/30 (gain)

3 marks

Note: In case an examinee has given only the journal entry correctly and has not shown the working, full credit should be given

OR

OR

Q. (b) Ravi, Guru, Mani and Sonu.....

Ans.

Books of Ravi, Guru, Mani and Sonu

### Journal

Date	Particulars	LF	Dr.Amount	Cr.Amount
			(₹)	(₹)
2023				
Jan.31	Ravi's Capital A/c To Sonu's Capital A/c To Guru's Capital A/c To Mani's Capital A/c (Ravi compensated Sonu for his share of and to Guru and Mani for the sacrifice on Sonu's retirement)		60,000	20,000 20,000 20,000

### Working Notes:

(ii) Calculation of gaining share:

Gaining share= New share- Old share

Ravi: 5/7 - 2/7 = 3/7 (gain)

1

2

Guru: 1/7 - 2/7 = -1/7 (sacrifice)

3

Mani: 1/7 - 2/7 = -1/7 (sacrifice)

marks







Ans.	Books of Chavi Ltd.				
Date	Journal Particulars	LF	Dr.Amount	Cr.Amount	
Dute	Turnenars	LI	Dr.Amoum (₹)	Cr.Amount (₹)	
	(i) Machinery A/c To Neo Ltd.A/c (Machinery purchased from Neo Ltd.)		1,60,000	1,60,000	
	(ii) Neo Ltd. A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Bank A/c (Issued 10,000 equity shares of ₹10 each at a premium of 10% and bank draft in favour of Neo Ltd.)		1,60,000	1,00,000 10,000 50,000	
	Alternatively:				
	(ii) (a) Neo Ltd. A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Issued 10,000 equity shares of ₹10 each at a premium of 10% to Neo Ltd.)		1,10,000	1,00,000 10,000	
	(b) Neo Ltd. A/c Dr. To Bank A/c (Payment made to Neo Ltd. by a bank draft)		50,000	50,000	ma
	OR				C
Q. (b)	On 1 <sup>st</sup> October, 2022 Ninza Ltd				



	Books of Ninza Ltd. Journal				
Date	Particulars	LF	Dr.Amount (₹)	Cr.Amount (₹)	
2022 Oct.1	Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Application money received on 4,000, 8% Debentures of ₹100 each)		3,60,000	3,60,000	
"	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Discount on issue of debentures A/c Dr. To 8% Debentures A/c (Allotment of 4,000, 8% Debentures of ₹100 each at a discount of 10%)		3,60,000 40,000	4,00,000	
2023 Mar.31	Securities Premium A/c Dr. To Discount on issue of debentures A/c (Discount on issue of debentures written off from Securities Premium account)		40,000	40,000	:
	,				ma
Ans. Ave	a and Shreya were partners  erage Profits = ₹2,00,000  employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities  = ₹18,00,000 – ₹3,00,000				
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = ₹2,00,000		1/2		
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = $₹2,00,000$ employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities = $₹18,00,000 - ₹3,00,000$		<u>1/3</u>		
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = $₹2,00,000$ employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities = $₹18,00,000 - ₹3,00,000$ = $₹15,00,000$		1/2		ma
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = $₹2,00,000$ employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities = $₹18,00,000 - ₹3,00,000$ = $₹15,00,000$				
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = $₹2,00,000$ employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities = $₹18,00,000 - ₹3,00,000$ = $₹15,00,000$				
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = $₹2,00,000$ Employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities = ₹18,00,000 - ₹3,00,000 $= ₹15,00,000$ Profits= Normal rate of return x Capital Employed 100 $= 10/100 x ₹15,00,000$ $= ₹1,50,000$				
Ans. Ave	erage Profits = $₹2,00,000$ Employed = Total Assets – Outside Liabilities = ₹18,00,000 - ₹3,00,000 $= ₹15,00,000$ Profits= Normal rate of return x Capital Employed 100 $= 10/100 x ₹15,00,000$ $= ₹1,50,000$ Offits = Average Profits – Normal Profits				



Goodwill = ₹50,000 x 3		
= ₹1,50,000	1	
Q. On 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023, Khyati Ltd. was formed		
Ans.		
Khyati Ltd. Balance Sheet as at (.	An Extract)	
Particulars	Note no.	Amount (₹)
I. Equity and Liabilities		
1. Shareholders' Funds		
(a) Share Capital	1	13,48,000
Notes to Accounts :  Particulars	Amount (₹)	
	Amount (₹)	
1. Share Capital		
Authorised Capital  2.00.000 aguity shares of ₹10 coch	20,00,000	1
2,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each	20,00,000	
Issued capital		1
1,80,000 equity shares of ₹10 each	<u>18,00,000</u>	
Subscribed Capital		
Subscribed but not fully paid	12 12 000	
1,64,000 equity shares of ₹10 each, ₹8 called up Add Forfeited Shares Account	13,12,000 36,000	1
Add Policica Shares Account	13,48,000	=
	10,,000	4
		ma
Q. Madhav, Raghav and Purav were		



Ans.

# Books of Madhav, Raghav and Purav

Dr.

# Purav's Capital A/c

Cr.

Particulars	Amount ₹	Particulars	Amount ₹
To Drawings A/c ½	10,000	By Balance b/d 1/2	40,000
To Purav's Legal Representatives/	75,400	By General Reserve A/c	10,000
Executors A/c	,,,,,,	By Madhav's Capital A/c	22,500
		By Raghav's Capital A/c	7,500
		By Interest on Capital A/c	2,400
		By P& L Suspense A/c	3,000
	85,400	/2	85,400

23 Q. (a) Arnav, Bhavi and Chavi were in ,,,,,, Ans.

Dr.	Revaluatio	on A/c Cr.	_
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
	(₹)		(₹)
To Provision for doubtful	10,000	By Plant and Machinery A/c ½	1,30,000
debts A/c ½		_	
To Profit transferred to			
Partners' Capital A/c's: 1/2			
Arnav 60,000			
Bhavi 40,000			
Chavi <u>20,000</u>	1,20,000		
	1,30,000		<u>1,30,000</u>

1 1/2

4 marks

Dr.	Partners' Capital Accounts	Cr.

			Partners	Capitai Account	S		Cr.
lars	Arnav	Bhavi	Chavi	Particulars	Arnav	Bhavi	Chavi
	₹	₹	₹		₹	₹	₹
	48,000	32,000	-	By Balance b/d	1,80,000	1,60,000	1,00,000
1/2				1/2			
				By Revaluation			
nd	15,000	10,000	5,000	A/c ½	60,000	40,000	20,000
2							
-				By Arnav's			
/c ½	-	-	1,95,000	Capital A/c 1/2	-	-	48,000
ш							
c/d	3,18,000	2,12,000	-	By Bhavi's			
1/2				Capital A/c 1/2	-	-	32,000
				_			
				By Cash A/c ½	1,41,000	54,000	-
	3,81,000	2,54,000	2,00,000		3,81,000	2,54,000	2,00,000
		₹ 48,000  15,000  15,000  1c ½  15,000  1c ½  15,000  15,000	** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***	dars         Arnav ₹         Bhavi ₹         Chavi ₹           48,000         32,000         -           and 2         15,000         10,000         5,000           bc 2         -         -         1,95,000           c c/d ½         3,18,000         2,12,000         -	Arnav   Bhavi   Chavi   Particulars	**	Arnav   Bhavi   ₹   Particulars   Arnav   Bhavi   ₹   ₹

4 1/2

6 marks





OR

OR

2

Q. (b) Divya and Ekta were partners in a firm....

Ans.

Dr.	Revaluation	n A/c Cr.	
Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
To Profit transferred to Partners' Capital A/c's: 1/2		By Land and Building A/c 1/2	2,12,000
Divya 1,80,000 Ekta 60,000	2,40,000	By Provision for doubtful debts A/c	8,000
		By Creditors A/c	20,000
	2,40,000		2,40,000

Dr. Partners' Capital Accounts Cr. Particulars Divya Ekta Sona Particulars Divya Ekta Sona ₹ By Balance b/d 10,00,000 To Partners 5,65,000 5,55,000 7,00,000 Current A/c's  $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 By Cash A/c 4,00,000 1/2 9,00,000 3,00,000 4,00,000 To Balance By Revaluation  $\frac{1}{2}$ 1,80,000 60,000 c/d. A/c  $\frac{1}{2}$ By General 2,40,000 80,000 Reserve A/c  $\frac{1}{2}$ By Premium for 45,000 15,000 Goodwill A/c  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

= 6 marks

4

Q. (a) Murari Ltd. invited applications....

14,65,000

8,55,000

4,00,000

14,65,000

8,55,000

4,00,000



Ans.

# Books of Murari Ltd. Journal

re	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	ank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c Application money received on 1,40,0	Dr. 00 shares)		7,00,000	7,00,000	
( <i>P</i>	quity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c Application money transferred to share and share allotment account)	Dr.		7,00,000	4,00,000 3,00,000	
	quity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c Amount due on allotment)	Dr.		7,20,000	4,00,000 3,20,000	
С	ank A/c alls in arrears A/c To Equity Share allotment A/c Allotment money received except on 8	Dr. Dr. 300 shares)		4,15,800 4,200	4,20,000	1
Se (8	quity Share Capital A/c ecurities Premium A/c To Share forfeiture A/c To Calls in arrears A/c 800 shares forfeited for non payment canney)	Dr. Dr. of allotment		8,000 3,200	7,000 4,200	1

OR OR

Q. (b) Kavya Ltd. invited applications .......

Ans.



Date	Particulars	LF	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	Bank A/c Dr.  To Share Application and Allotment A/c (Application money received on 33,000 shares)		2,31,000	2,31,000	1,
	Share Application and Allotment A/c Dr.  To Share Capital A/c  To Bank A/c  (Application money transferred to share capital account and balance refunded)		2,31,000	2,10,000 21,000	1
	Share First and final call A/c Dr.  To Equity Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c  ( Amount due on first and final call)		1,50,000	90,000 60,000	1,
	Bank A/c Dr. Calls in arrears A/c Dr. To Share First and final call A/c (First and final call received except on 500 shares)		1,47,500 2,500	1,50,000	1
	Share Capital A/c Dr. Securities Premium A/c Dr. To Share forfeiture A/c To Calls in arrears A/c (500 shares forfeited for non payment of first and final call)		5,000 1,000	3,500 2,500	1
	Bank A/c Dr.  Share forfeiture A/c Dr.  To Share Capital A/c  (Forfeited shares reissued as fully paid for ₹8 per share)		4,000 1,000	5,000	1
	Share Forfeiture A/c Dr.  To Capital Reserve A/c  (Gain on reissue of forfeited shares transferred to Capital Reserve A/c)		2,500	2,500	= ( ma



Ans.

# Books of Radha and Sudha Journal

Date	Particulars		L.F	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	
	(i) Bank/ Cash A/c To Realisation A/c (Bad debts recovered)	Dr.		₹ 7,700	7,700	
	(ii) Realisation A/c To Bank/ Cash A/c (Creditors settled at a discount of 20%	Dr.		32,000	32,000	
	(iii) Radha's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Investments taken over by Radha)	Dr.		20,000	20,000	1 2 = ( ma
	1	Or. Or. e capital	-	9,000 9,000	18,000	
	(v) Sudha's Loan's A/c To Bank/ Cash A/c (Paid Sudha's loan)	Dr.	_	15,000	15,000	
	(vi) No entry					

# Q. Pass journal entries relating to issue of debentures...

Ans.

# Books of Unicorn Ltd. Journal

Date	Particulars	<b>LF</b>	Dr.	Cr.
			Amount	Amount
	(i)		(₹)	(₹)
	Bank A/c Dr.		22,00,000	
	To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c		, , , , , , ,	22,00,000
	(Debenture Application money received)			
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr.		22,00,000	
	Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		1,00,000	
	To 8% Debentures A/c			20,00,000
	To Securities Premium A/c			2,00,000
	To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c			1,00,000
	(Debenture Application money transferred to			
	Debentures and Securities Premium account and			
	provision for premium on redemption of debentures			
	made)			



	Ans. (D) Operating activity  OR			1 mark OR
27	PART B OPTION 1 (Analysis of Financial Stateme	nts)		
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 8% Debentures A/c To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c (Debenture Application money transferred to Debentures and provision for premium on redemption of debentures made)	3,00,000	3,00,000 30,000	
	(iii) Bank A/c To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Debenture Application money received)	3,00,000	3,00,000	
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Discount on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 8% Debentures A/c To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c (Debenture Application money transferred to Debentures and provision for premium on redemption of debentures made)	7,20,000 80,000 80,000	8,00,000 80,000	
	of debentures made)  Alternate entry			
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 8% Debentures A/c To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c (Debenture Application money transferred to Debentures and provision for premium on redemption	7,20,000 1,60,000	8,00,000 80,000	= 6 marks
	(ii) Bank A/c To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Debenture Application money received)	7,20,000	7,20,000	1 x 6



16

	Q. (b) T	ax paid during the	year		
		) ₹30,000	•		1 mark
		,			
28	() Which	h of the following is	not a tool		
20	Q. WIIIC	in of the following is	not a tooi		
	Ans (C)	Statement of Profit &	r Loss		1 mark
	Alis. (C)	Statement of 1 font 6	c Loss		
29	(a) T	otal assets- ₹3,00,000	1		
29	Q. (a) 10	otai assets- <b>x</b> 5,00,000	<b>'····</b>		
	Ans. (B)	2:1			1 mark
			C	OR .	OR
	Q. (b) W	hen Current Ratio	is 4:1		
					1 mark
	Ans. (A)	₹22 500			1 mai k
	Alis. (A)	X22,500			
30	Q. Whice	ch of the following	transactions		
					1
	Ans. (C)	Received from deb	tors ₹74,000		1 mark
	( )		,		
31	O. Unde	er which major hea	ds		
01	Q. Chu	or winen major nea			
	Ans.				
	ZIIS.				
	S.No.	Items	Heads	Sub Heads	
	(i)	Patents	Non Current Assets	Fixed Assets/ Property, Plant and Equipment	½ x 6
				and Intangible assets	
				-Intangible Assets	= 3
	(ii)	Capital Reserve	Shareholders' Funds	Reserves and Surplus	marks
	(iii)	Prepaid Rent	Current Assets	Other Current Assets	
	(111)	Tipula Italii			
32	O. Fron	1 the following info	rmation		
<i>-</i>	Q, 110II	· ····································			



Ans.	
Working Capital Turnover Ratio = Revenue from Operations/ Working Capital 1/2	
Gross profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ Revenue from Operations x 100	
25 = ₹5,00,000/ Revenue from Operations x 100	
Revenue from Operations = ₹20,00,000	
Kevenue from Operations – \\\20,00,000 [1]	
Shareholders' Funds + Non-Current Liabilities = Non-Current Assets + Working Capital	
₹25,00,000 + ₹8,00,000 = ₹23,00,000 + Working Capital	
Working Capital = ₹10,00,000	
	3
Working Capital Turnover Ratio. = ₹20,00,000/ ₹10,00,000	marks
= 2 times	
Alternate Answer	
Working Capital Turnover Ratio = Cost of Revenue from Operations/ Working Capital ½	
Gross profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ Revenue from Operations x 100	
25 = ₹5,00,000/ Revenue from Operations x 100	
Revenue from Operations = ₹20,00,000	
Cost of Revenue from Operations= Revenue from Operations – Gross Profit	
=₹20,00,000 - ₹5,00,000	
= ₹15,00,000	
Shareholders' Funds + Non-Current Liabilities = Non-Current Assets + Working Capital	
₹25,00,000 + ₹8,00,000 = ₹23,00,000 + Working Capital	
Working Capital = ₹10,00,000	
Working Capital Turnover Ratio = ₹15,00,000/ ₹10,00,000	
= 1.5 times	
= 1.3 umes	





	Statement of					
Ans.		Shikha Ltd.				
	Compara	Snikna Lia. itive Statement of I	Profit and I ass			
		ne year ended Mar				
Particulars	,	2021–22 (₹)	2022–23 (₹)	Absolute Increase/	% Increase/	
				Decrease (₹)	Decrease	
I. Revenue from Operation II. Expenses:	ns 1/2	20,00,000	32,00,000	12,00,000	60	4
Employee benefit expenses	5 1/2	6,00,000	9,60,000	3,60,000	60	ma
Other expenses	1/2	4,00,000	6,40,000	2,40,000	60	
Total Expenses		10,00,000	16,00,000	6,00,000	60	
III. Profit before Tax (I – I	I) <b>1</b>	10,00,000	16,00,000	6,00,000	60	
IV. Less : Tax @ 50%	1	5,00,000	8,00,000	3,00,000	60	
V. Profit after Tax (III – IV		5,00,000 <b>OR</b>	8,00,000	3,00,000	60	<b>O</b> 1
V. Profit after Tax (III – IV  Q. (b) From the following  Ans.	information.	OR			60	O
Q. (b) From the following Ans.	information.  A L  Common	OR  td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of	FProfit and Loss March 2023			Ol
Q. (b) From the following	information.  A L  Common	OR td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of	FProfit and Loss March 2023	% of Re	venue	Ol
Q. (b) From the following Ans.	information.  A L  Common	or o	F Profit and Loss March 2023 mounts B Ltd.	% of Re from oper A Ltd.	venue rations B Ltd.	O
Q. (b) From the following Ans.	information.  A L  Common	OR  td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of year ended 31st Absolute A	F Profit and Loss March 2023 mounts	% of Re from open	venue rations	O
Q. (b) From the following Ans.  Particulars	information.  A L  Common  for the	OR  td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of Absolute A  A Ltd.  (₹)	F Profit and Loss March 2023 mounts  B Ltd.  (₹)	% of Re from oper A Ltd. (₹)	venue rations B Ltd. (₹)	O
Q. (b) From the following Ans.  Particulars  Revenue from Operations	information.  A L  Common  for the	OR  td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of year ended 31st Absolute A  A Ltd.  (₹)  20,00,000	F Profit and Loss March 2023 mounts  B Ltd.  (₹)  10,00,000	% of Re from oper A Ltd. (₹) 100	venue rations  B Ltd. $(\overline{\xi})$ 100	O
Q. (b) From the following Ans.  Particulars  Revenue from Operations Other Income	information.  A L  Common  for the	OR  td. and B Ltd.  Size Statement of year ended 31st Absolute A  A Ltd.  (₹)  20,00,000  3,00,000	F Profit and Loss March 2023  mounts  B Ltd.  (₹)  10,00,000  80,000	% of Re from oper A Ltd. (₹) 100	venue rations $B \ Ltd.$ $(\mbox{$\mathcal{F}$})$ $100$ $8$	4
Q. (b) From the following Ans.  Particulars  Revenue from Operations Other Income  Total Revenue	information.  A L  Common for the	OR  td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of year ended 31st Absolute A  A Ltd. (₹) 20,00,000 3,00,000 23,00,000	F Profit and Loss March 2023 Imounts  B Ltd. (₹) 10,00,000 80,000 10,80,000	% of Re from ope A Ltd. (₹) 100 15	venue rations B Ltd. (₹) 100 8	
Q. (b) From the following Ans.  Particulars  Revenue from Operations Other Income  Total Revenue Less: Expenses	information.  A L Common for the	OR  td. and B Ltd. Size Statement of year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> Absolute A  A Ltd.  (₹)  20,00,000  3,00,000  23,00,000  10,40,000	F Profit and Loss March 2023   mounts	% of Re from oper A Ltd. (₹) 100 15 115 52	venue rations  B Ltd. (₹) 100  8  108  48	4



### Alternate Answer

# A Ltd. and B Ltd. Common Size Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2023

Particulars		Absolute	% of	Absolute	% of
		Amounts	Revenue	Amounts	Revenue
			from		from
		A Ltd.	operations	B Ltd.	operations
		(₹)	A Ltd.	(₹)	B Ltd.
Revenue from Operations	$\frac{1}{2}$	20,00,000	100	10,00,000	100
Other Income	1/2	3,00,000	15	80,000	8
Total Revenue	1/2	23,00,000	115	10,80,000	108
Less: Expenses	1/2	10,40,000	52	4,80,000	48
Profit before Tax	1	12,60,000	63	6,00,000	60
Less : Tax @ 40%	1/2	5,04,000	25.2	2,40,000	24
Profit after Tax	1/2	7,56,000	37.8	3,60,000	36

# 34 Q. From the following Balance Sheet of Yogita Ltd.....

Ans.

# Calculation of Cash Flows from Investing Activities for the year ended 31st March 2023

Particulars		(₹)	(₹)
Purchase of Machinery	1/2	(3,80,000)	
Sale of Machinery	1	42,000	
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	1/2		(3,38,000)

2

Dr. Plant and Machinery A/c

Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
To Balance b/d	4,70,000	By Bank /Cash A/c	42,000
To Bank/ Cash A/c	3,80,000	By Accumulated Depreciation A/c	15,000
(Balancing figure)		By Statement of Profit & Loss	3,000
		By balance c/d	7,90,000
	8,50,000		8,50,000

1 mark





Cr.

### Dr.

# Accumulated Depreciation A/c

Cr.

Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
To Plant and Machinery A/c	15,000	By Balance b/d	70,000
To Statement of Profit &		By Depreciation A/c	50,000
Loss	15,000		
To balance c/d	90,000		
	1,20,000		1,20,000

No marks

# Alternate Answer

# Calculation of Cash Flows from Investing Activities for the year ended 31st March 2023

Particulars		(₹)	(₹)
D 1 016 11		(2.05.000)	
Purchase of Machinery	1/2	(3,95,000)	
Sale of Machinery	1	42,000	
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	$\frac{1}{2}$		(3,53,000)

2 marks

Dr.

### Plant and Machinery A/c

Cr.

Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
To Balance b/d	4,70,000	By Bank A/c	42,000
To Cash A/c	3,95,000	By Accumulated Depreciation A/c	30,000
(Balancing figure)		By Statement of Profit & Loss	3,000
		By Balance c/d	7,90,000
	<u>8,65,000</u>		8,65,000

1 mark

Dr.

# Accumulated Depreciation A/c

Cr.

Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
To Plant and Machinery A/c To balance c/d	30,000 90,000	By Balance b/d By Depreciation A/c	70,000 50,000
	<u>1,20,000</u>		1,20,000

No marks



	Calculation of Cash Flows from Financing Activities  for the year ended 31st March 2023	
	Particulars $(\xi)$ $(\xi)$	
	Issue of Share Capital  Bank Overdraft raised  Bank loan repaid  Interest on bank loan paid  Net Cash Inflows from Financing Activities  I 2,00,000  1,00,000  (70,000)  (15,000)  2,15,000	3 marks  = 6 marks
	PART B	
	OPTION 1I	
	(Computerised Accounting)	
27	Q. "A value or function or an arithmetic expression is recorded in"	
	Ans. (D) Cell	1 mark
28	Q. (a) Depreciation is generated from which of the following Accounting information syst	em?
	Ans. (D) Fixed assets accounting sub-system	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Which type of software package is suitable for an organisation	
	Ans. (D) Generic	1 mark
29	Q. Which chart has depth axis?	
	Ans. (B) 3D chart	1 mark



30	Q. (a) Which of the following is not a limitation of computerised accounting system?	
	Ans. (C) Data is made available to everybody	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) To safeguard assets and optimise the use of resources a business	
	Ans. (C) Keeps internal controls	1 mark
31	Q. How can a#DIV/0 error be corrected?	
	Ans. To correct #DIV/0! Error	
	Following steps can be followed:	
	Change the call reference to another cell	
	Enter a value other than zero in the cell used as a divisor	3
	Enter the value #N/A into the cell referenced as the divisor, which changes the result of the formula to #N/A from # DIV/0! to denote that the divisor value is not available	marks
	Prevent the error value from displaying by using IF worksheet function	
32	Q. Explain various 'Data tables' used in Pivot Table.	
32	Z. Explain various Bata tables used in 11vot 1able.	
	Ans. There are two types of data tables which are used in Pivot table:	
	(i) One-variable data table:	
	The table in which formula used must refer to an input cell. The input cell is a cell used by Excel in which each input value from a data table is substituted.	3 marks
	(ii) Two-variable data table:	
	Where two input two cells are used to generate a new table that table is known as two variable data table.	
	These are required for the analysis of information and to create a tabulation summary of data in which heading can subsequently moved to give different views of the data.	



33	Q. (a) List the points of nomenclature used in Excel for charts/ graphs.	
	Ans. The nomenclature used in Excel for charts is as follows:	
	(i) The chart area	
	(ii) The plot area covering the plot of values in the selected type of chart	4 marks
	(iii) The data points	marks
	(iv) The Horizontal (Base Values e.g. Category) and Vertical (Derived Values) Axes.	
	(v) The legend to specify distinguishing criteria in case of multiple lines pies, bars etc.	
	(vi) Chart and Axes Titles	
	(vii) Data labels	
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Explain the steps to define 'Print area' using Dialog box.	
	Ans. By default, Excel prints all data on the current worksheet but for specific formatted print, we have to define print area from page set up dialog box or print area command from page layout option of ribbon following are the steps to define Print area using Dialog box option:	
	(i) Select the page layout command tab on the ribbon	
	(ii) In the page set up group click page set up. The page set up dialog box appears	4
	(iii) Select the sheet tab	marks
	(iv) In the print area text box type the range of cells you want to print or ( to select the area	
	<ul> <li>Click to collapse Dialog</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Select the desired range of cells</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Click restore the Dialog.</li> </ul>	
	(v) Click Ok and the print area is defined	



34	Q. From the given 'VLOOKUP' syntax find out the error and its reason using the worksheet	
	Ans.	
	(i) Error #N/A	1½ mark
	Reason Value being looked up is not in array range.	for identi-
	(ii) #NUM! Error	fying the
		error +
	Reason - Negative value is square root functions is invalid.	1/2
	(iii) # N/A Error	mark for its
	Reason lookup value is less than the array range provided.	reason
	(iv) #REF! Error	=
	Reason Column value being searched is greater than array range provided.	1 x 6
	(v) #Value! Error	=
	Reason Value being searched is not available as column does not exist.	6
	(vi) #DIV/0! Error	marks
	Reason Value searched is being divided by zero.	

